Hva tjener en forsker på å være mobil? Og hva er gevinsten for arbeidsstedet?

Silvija Seres Konferanse Forskningsbarometer 2014 Oslo, 7 May 2014



Mobility is not just about location

Academia to business
Large organization to small organization
Public to private ownership
Corporate citizen to independent advisor
Maths to computer science to finance

There any many dimensions to mobility.

every sector,
every subject,
every company
has a valuable culture
worth sharing.



Just one short question first.

What can Norway and Norwegian researchers learn from others?

It is always a two-way relationship. Although not always symmetrical.

Global Attractiveness

UN's Human Development Index (HDI)

#1



Table 1: Human Development Index and its component

See attachment for dataset notes, definitions, and sources

		2012 HDI	Name ⊕ ∷	Type ⊕ ∷≡	Abbrevi	iati:	
1	Ħ	1	Norway	Ranked Country	NOR	П	
2	Ħ	2	Australia	Ranked Country	AUS	_	
3	≣	3	United States	Ranked Country	USA		
4	≣	4	Netherlands	Ranked Country	NLD	SIE	R/b
5	≡	5	Germany	Ranked Country	DEU		
6	≣	6	New Zealand	Ranked Country	NZL	-	~
7	≣	7	Ireland	Ranked Country	IRL	U	N
8	≡	7	Sweden	Ranked Country	SWE	7	Б
						U	П

Prosperity Index, Legatum Institute: #1
Economist IU Democracy Index: #1

Global Competitiveness

The Global Competitiveness Index 2013–2014 rankings World Economic Forum

#11

The Global Competitiveness Report 2013–2014		GCI 2013-2014			l
and Robard, Wold Roccers France	ry/Economy	Rank (out of 148)	Score (1–7)	Rank among 2012–2013 economies*	GCI 2012–2013
	erland	1	5.67	1	1
	pore	2	5.61	2	2
	1d	3	5.54	3	3
0	Germany	4	5.51	4	6
l	Inited States	5	5.48	5	7
5	Sweden	6	5.48	6	4
H	tong Kong SAR	7	5.47	7	9
1	Vetherlands	8	5.42	8	5
	lapan	9	5.40	9	10
L	Inited Kingdom	10	5.37	10	8
N.	lorway	11	5.33	11	15
7	aiwan, China	12	5.29	12	13
(Qatar	13	5.24	13	11
(Canada	14	5.20	14	14
(Denmark	15	5.18	15	12

IMD World Competitiveness Scoreboard: #8

Global Visibility of Universities

Times Higher Education ranking 2013

201-225	Middle East Technical University	Turkey	Data withheld by THE
201-225	Lomonosov Moscow State University	Russian Federation	Data withheld by THE
201-225	Nagoya University	Japan	Data withheld by THE
201-225	Northeastern University	United States	Data withheld by THE
201-225	University of Oslo	Norway	Data withheld by THE
	Pompeu Fabra University	Spain	Data withheld by THE
201-225	romped rabia offiversity		Data miniota by TTL
201-225	Queen's University	Canada	Data withheld by THE

>#200

Norwegian universities between 201 and 301:

University of Oslo University of Bergen NTNU in Trondheim University in Tromsø



Necessity, the Mother of Invention

E.g.: Bloomberg Philanthropies Mayors Challenge 2014:

155 applying cities come from 28 countries

63% involve technology

14% involve open innovation

73% rely on academics / scientists



Only 1 application from Norway



21 finalists:

5 from the UK

2 from Bulgaria

1 from Sweden

0 from Norway

Unexpected Inspiration

Mr Mobility

Genghis Khan established a remarkable governing structure that grafted the best that East and West had to offer onto a local

foundation



Never stop innovating

#1

Because you will LEARN things you haven't even dreamt of.



All creativity is combinatorial.

#2

Because you will be inspired to think BIGGER.

If you are going to be thinking anything, You may as well be thinking big.



#3

Because you need to practice being ADAPTIVE in this changing world.



What use is being able to learn, if there is no will to change?

#4

Because you need INDEPENDENCE to do your best thinking.



Organizations, by their very nature are designed to promote order and routine. They are inhospitable environments for innovation.

#5

Because you will become a part of a constructive NETWORK.



If you want to go fast, go alone; to go far, take your friends

#6

Because life is short and you should make the most of it.



Is it not strange that desire should so many years outlive performance?

An Active Talent Pipeline

















In the end, talent is what is going to make or break us.

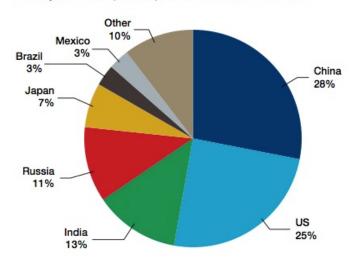


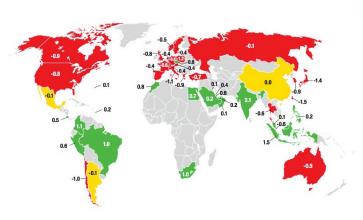
simula . research laboratory]

Global Mobility

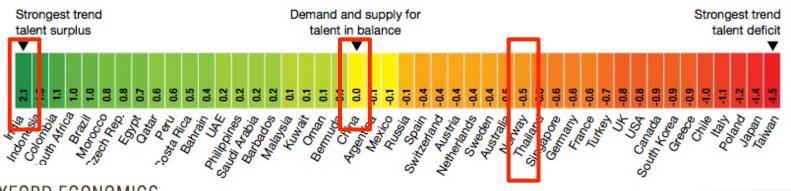
Size of college-educated talent pool

Tertiary educated ("talent"): E7 and G7 countries -2021





The mismatch between supply and demand for talent in 2021





New Skills



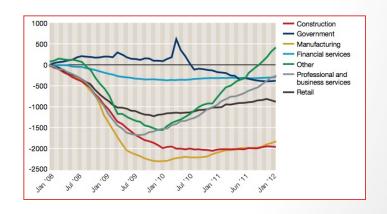


Agile thinking skills							
Ability to consider and prepare for multiple scenarios	Innovation	Dealing with complexity and ambiguity	Managing paradoxes, balancing opposing views	Ability to see the "big picture"			
54.8%	46.0%	42.9%	40.9%	15.3%			

Interpersonal and communication skills						
Co-creativity and brainstorming	Relationship Teaming building (with (including virtual teaming)		Collaboration	Oral and written communication		
48.3%	47.4%	44.9%	30.4%	29.0%		

Global operating skills							
Ability to manage diverse employees	Understanding international markets	Ability to work in multiple overseas locations	Foreign language skills	Cultural sensitivity			
49.1%	45.7%	37.5%	36.1%	31.5%			







Advantages of Mobility for Employers

- 1. Access to (the right) talent
- 2. Access to (relevant) markets
- 3. Creativity and entrepreneurship



Some Global Talent Management Trends

- 1. Use more sophisticated <u>analytical tools</u> for making global decisions.
- 2. Use <u>segmentation</u> to understand talent categories, differences and gaps.
- 3. Optimize talent by deciding where to invest and where to prune.
- 4. Shift from a risk-averse to a <u>risk-aware</u> mindset.
- 5. Align HR strategies with <u>business</u> transformation <u>objectives</u>.

Norways Mobility Advantages







- 1. Great society
- 2. Work culture
- 3. Life balance
- 4. Innovation clusters
- 5. Transparency & trust
- 6. Petroleum fund
- 7. Healthy environment

- 1. Powered by nature
 - 2. Salmon
 - 3. Birkebeiner

- 1. Weather
- 2. Social homogeneity
- 3. Immigration policies
 - 4. Oil splurge
- 5. Language and geography
 - **6. Alternative cost**
 - 7. Lutefisk

What can we do better?

Institutions

- 1. Be an international player in your field
- 2. Be flexible and open to change
- 3. Speak English, accommodate int'l social expectations
- 4. Recruit actively from top universities
- 5. Recruit a critical mass of international talent
- 6. Create a complete talent value chain
- 7. Drive culturally-agnostic promotions and recruitment
- 8. Set up onboarding-programs for international talent
- 9. Reward mobility both ways

Norway

- 1. Promote more effectively your unique advantages
- 2. Balance breadth with depth

Norway 2014

We cannot be the cheapest; So we have to be the best.

Well then.

To be best, we need to know the best, work with the best, and outperform the best.



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